

# YEAR 3– HOW MUCH DID THE ANCIENT EGYPTIANS ACHIEVE?



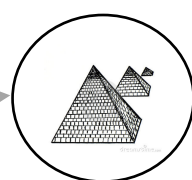
## WHEN? 3500BC – 322BC



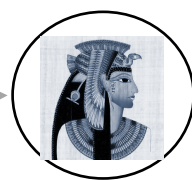
**c. 3500 BC**  
Early settlers settle in the Nile



**c. 3100 BC**  
Development of hieroglyphs



**c. 2600 BC**  
The pyramid of Giza was built



**c. 30 BC**  
The death of Cleopatra



**c. AD300**  
The last use of hieroglyphic writing



**AD 1922**  
Howard Carter discovers the tomb of Tutankhamun

## WHO?



Tutankhamun



Cleopatra



Howard Carter



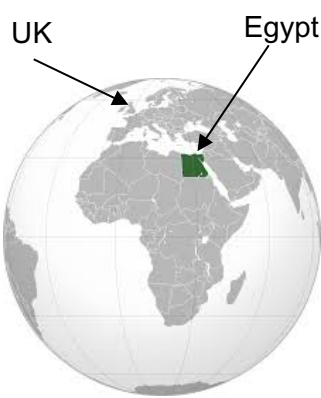
Pharaoh



Archeologist

## WHERE?

Egypt is in the continent of Africa



## VOCABULARY

Pharaoh	A ruler in Ancient Egypt.
Papyrus	A material prepared in ancient Egypt used for writing and painting on.
Canopic Jar	A jar used in ancient Egypt to hold the organs from an embalmed body.
Sarcophagus	A stone coffin.
Tomb	A large vault for burying the dead.
Hieroglyphics	Symbols in the form of pictures which are used in Egyptian writing. Egyptians were the first to develop a writing system.
Mummification	The preserving of a dead body by rubbing it with special oils and wrapping it in cloth.
Irrigation	Supplying land with water to make the crops grow.
Pyramid	Ancient stone building with four triangular sloping sides, the most famous contain the bodies of kings and queens.
After life	A life that some people believe, begins when you die, for example as another person or animal.
Civilisation	A group of people with their own language or way of life.
Class	The different groups that exist in society.

## WHAT?



We know about ancient Egyptian life because of evidence such as the pyramids, the artefacts that were found there, as well as hieroglyphs found.



The Nile was important because it provided water for crops but also fertile soil - this means that people settled near the banks of the Nile. It also helped trade.



Egyptian society was very hierarchical-this means that some groups of people were deemed more important than others. Pharaohs had a role similar to king.



Ancient Egypt is one example of an ancient civilisation. Others include Ancient Summer, Indus Valley and the Shang Dynasty.



Cleopatra was the last Pharaoh of Egypt before the Romans invaded. She had an eventful life and died by the poisonous venom of an asp.



Tutankhamun was known as the boy king. His tomb was found in 1922. Some key things found were: Walking canes Games Canopic chest A figure of his head

## WHAT CAME NEXT?



30BC – The Romans invaded Egypt and took control until 640 AD